

**WHITE'S CULTURAL INVASION THROUGH
BEAUTY MYTH IN TONI MORRISON'S *THE BLUEST EYE***

THESIS

**BY
SULISTYANINGRUM
NIM 115110100111017**



**STUDY PROGRAM OF ENGLISH
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGES AND LITERATURES
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
2015**

ABSTRACT

Sulistyaningrum, 2015. **White's Cultural Invasion through Beauty Myth in Toni Morrison's *The Bluest Eye*.** Study Program of English, Department of Languages and Literatures, Faculty of Cultural Studies, Universitas Brawijaya. Supervisor: Sri Herminingrum; Co-Supervisor: Arcci Tusita.

Keywords: cultural invasion, beauty myth, African-American, Toni Morrison, *The Bluest Eye*

Cultural invasion aims to brainwash marginalized group to make them follow the culture of the invader. It influences each component of way of life, including the way women build a concept of beauty. In fact, the concept of beauty is influenced by the White as a dominant group. *The Bluest Eye* novel by Toni Morrison explores Pecola Breedlove, a victimized African-American girl of White beauty standard. Therefore, the study conducted investigates on how the era of 1940s, as the setting of time of the novel, shapes the beauty standard and how the images of beauty are constructed through culture. In addition, this study observes on what are the impacts of beauty myth to Pecola Breedlove.

Socio-cultural approach is used in this study since it deals with one's relation with society and its culture. This approach leads to the use of cultural invasion's theory to analyse sociological condition when the inferior culture is invaded by the superior one. Whereas, theories of ideology, power, and hegemony are applied to analyse capitalism issue. The last, to discover Pecola Breedlove's perspective of ideal beauty, the concept of beauty myth purposed by Naomi Wolf is used.

The result of this research shows that through four kinds of cultural commodities, girl's dolls, girl favourite stars, mass media, and movie stars, the beauty myth are infused to change the African-American's perspective of beauty. Succeedingly, cultural invasion gives two impacts to Pecola Breedlove, adoration to the White beauty standard and obsession to have blue eyes.

The following researcher is suggested to explore another significant character, Claudia Macteer, especially on her resistance against White beauty myth by using Black feminism theory. Furthermore, archetypal literary criticism, specifically the using of seasons in Northrop Frye's archetypal schema is applicable since Claudia's life moves through a cycle of four seasons—autumn, winter, spring, and summer.

ABSTRAK

Sulistyaningrum, 2015. **Invasi Budaya Kulit Putih melalui Mitos Kecantikan dalam *The Bluest Eye* Karya Toni Morrison.** Program Studi Bahasa Inggris, Departemen Bahasa dan Sastra, Fakultas Ilmu Budaya, Universitas Brawijaya. Pembimbing (I): Sri Herminingrum; Pembimbing (II): Arcci Tusita.

Kata Kunci: invasi budaya, mitos kecantikan, orang Afrika-Amerika, Toni Morrison, *The Bluest Eye*

Invasi budaya bertujuan untuk mendokrbin kelompok marginal agar mengikuti budaya penginviasi. Invasi budaya mempengaruhi tiap komponen cara hidup manusia, termasuk mempengaruhi cara wanita membangun konsep kecantikan. Faktanya, konsep kecantikan didominasi Kulit Putih sebagai kelompok dominan. Novel *The Bluest Eye* karya Toni Morrison mengeksplorasi Pecola Breedlove, gadis Afrika-Amerika yang menjadi korban dari standar kecantikan Kulit Putih. Karena itu, penelitian ini menginvestigasi bagaimana masyarakat pada era 1940, yang menjadi latar belakang waktu di novel ini, membentuk standar kecantikan dan bagaimana gambaran kecantikan dikonstruksi melalui budaya. Selain itu, penelitian ini juga mengamati pengaruh-pengaruh mitos kecantikan tersebut terhadap Pecola Breedlove.

Pendekatan sosio-kultural digunakan dalam studi ini karena berkaitan dengan hubungan antara seseorang, masyarakat, dan budaya. Pendekatan ini mengarahkan pada penggunaan teori invasi budaya untuk menganalisa keadaan sosiologis ketika budaya kelompok inferior diinviasi oleh kelompok superior. Sedangkan teori ideologi, kekuasaan, dan hegemoni diaplikasikan untuk menganalisa isu kapitalisme. Untuk menemukan perspektif Pecola Breedlove tentang kecantikan ideal, digunakan konsep mitos kecantikan oleh Naomi Wolf.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa melalui empat macam komoditas budaya, yaitu boneka anak, bintang favorit anak, media masa, dan bintang film, mitos kecantikan tertanam untuk mengubah perspektif orang Afrika-Amerika tentang kecantikan. Selanjutnya, invasi budaya menimbulkan dua pengaruh pada Pecola Breedlove, pemujaan pada standar kecantikan Kulit Putih dan obsesi terhadap mata berwarna biru.

Peneliti selanjutnya disarankan untuk mengeksplorasi salah satu karakter penting lain, yaitu Claudia Macteer, terutama mengenai perlawanannya terhadap mitos kecantikan Kulit Putih dengan menggunakan teori feminisme Kulit Hitam. Selanjutnya, direkomendasikan untuk menggunakan kritik sastra arketipe, terutama pada penggunaan musim di skema arketipe Northrop Frye karena kehidupan Claudia berlangsung melalui siklus empat musim, yaitu musim gugur, dingin, semi, dan panas.

REFERENCES

- Afiyah, Nur. (2012). *The Construction of Beauty in Toni Morrison's The Bluest Eye*. Unpublished Thesis. Malang: Universitas Negeri Malang.
- Albrecht, Milton C. (1954). The Relationship of Literature and Society. *American Journal of Sociology*, Vol. 59 No.5, 425-436.
- Althusser, Louis. (1969). *For Marx*. London: Allen Lane.
- Barker, Chris. (2000). *Cultural Studies: Theory and Practice*. London: Sage Publications Ltd.
- _____. (2002). *Making Sense of Cultural Studies*. London: Sage Publications Ltd.
- _____. (2004). *The Sage Dictionary of Cultural Studies*. London: Sage Publications Ltd.
- Crowther, Jonathan (Ed.). (1995). *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Dworkin, Andrea. (1974). *Woman Hating*. New York: Penguin Books
- Gillespie, Carmen. (2008). *Critical Companion to Toni Morrison: A Literary Reference to Her Life and Works*. New York: Facts on File, Inc.
- Gramsci, Antonio. (1999). *Selections from the Prison Notebooks*. London: ElecBook.
- Hall, Stuart. (1996). *Gramsci's Relevance for the Study of Race and Ethnicity*. London: Routledge.
- Harra, Carmen. (n.d.). *Obsessed with the One You can't Have*. Retrieved May 12, 2014 from <http://www.carmenharra.com/articles/obsessedwithone.html>.
- Henslin, James M. (2008). *Sociology: A down to Earth Approach 9th Edition*. Boston: Pearson.

- Herminingrum, Sri. (2010). Four Criteria for Labeling Black Women and Their Community as ‘Others’ in Toni Morrison’s Novels. *Journal of Humaniora*, Volume 22- No.3, 231-240.
- Hooks, Bell. (1992). *Black Looks*. New York: Routledge.
- _____. (1996). *Killing Rage: Ending Racism*. New York: Henry Holt and Company.
- Horkheimer, Max and Adorno, Theodor. (1979). *Dialectic of Enlightenment*. London: Verso.
- Jandt, Fred E. (2013). *An Introduction to Intercultural Communication: Identities in a Global Community 7th Edition*. Los Angeles: Sage Publications.
- Jeffreys, Sheila. (2005). *Beauty and Misogyny: Harmful Cultural Practices in the West*. New York: Routledge.
- Kuenz, Jane. (1993). ‘The Bluest Eye’: Notes on History, Community and Black Female Subjectivity. *African American Review*, Volume 27- No. 3, 421-436.
- Lewis, John Johnson. (n.d.). *Toni Morrison Facts*. Retrieved May 6, 2014 from http://womenshistory.about.com/od/tonimorrison/a/morrison_biblio.htm.
- Morrison, Toni. (2007). *The Bluest Eye*. New York: Penguin Books.
- Rietzer, George. (2004). *Sociological Theory*. Singapore: Mc.Graw-Hill.
- Taylor-Guthrie, Danielle (Ed.). (1994). *Conversations with Toni Morrison*. Jackson: University Press of Mississippi.
- Tylor, Edward B. (1920). *Primitive Culture Vol. 1*. New York: J.P. Putnam’s Sons.
- Wardani, Melinda Ayu. (2011). *Jazmin Biltmore’s Experiences related to the Beauty Myth Portrayed in Phat Girlz Movie*. Unpublished Thesis. Malang: Universitas Brawijaya.
- Willis, Susan. (1991). *A Primer for Daily Life*. London: Routledge.
- Wolf, Naomi. (2002). *The Beauty Myth*. New York: HarperCollins Books.