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***A REVIEW OF CAMBRIDGE ADVANCED LEARNER'S DICTIONARY:
WHAT ENTRIES SHOULD BE DELETED, REVISED, AND ADDED?***

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Abstract

This article was written to review a dictionary named Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary (CALD) especially the entries start from actor to adhere. In order to fulfill the readers' need, some words need to be deleted, revised, and added based on the ways of the dictionary provide the meaning of the words or the ways of the words combine with other words. The consideration of word deletion, revision, and addition was also based on the frequency of the words used by people in in English speaking countries provided by COCA (Corpus of Contemporary American English) and BYU (Brigham Young University). There are three entries should be deleted, 17 entries should be revised, and two entries should be added to CALD.

INTRODUCTION

Dictionary is considered as one of teaching and learning tools that is important and effective to use because dictionaries describe the vocabulary of a language (Atkins & Rundell 2008). Some writers and researchers have proposed several views related to the role of dictionaries in teaching and learning process. Types of dictionaries should be considered by recognizing the type of users that the students belong to (Al-Darayseh 2013). Based on Cambridge online

dictionary, there are two meanings of the word 'dictionary'. First, it is a book that contains a list of words in alphabetical order and that explains their meanings or gives a word for them in another language; a similar product for use on a computer. Second, it is a book that gives information about a particular subject, in which the entries (=words or phrases) are given in alphabetical order.

From the definitions abovementioned, the word 'dictionary' that is discussed in this

paper is suitable to the first meaning. It is clear that the function of a dictionary is to explain the meaning of words in the same or another language. In a dictionary, the learners could find headwords, symbols to know how to pronounce the headwords, part of speech, word meaning, and sample sentence. English learner's dictionary is considered as the most commonly used dictionary because it is used by billions of people who learn English.

Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary that is revised in this paper contains references to slightly over 75000 words and phrases which is less than other advanced learner's dictionaries namely CCED, MED, LAAD, and OALD. This dictionary has its strengths and weaknesses based on a review done by Shaffer (2003). The strengths of this dictionary are as follows:

1. The definition is easy for advanced learners to understand
2. It is a high-intermediate-to-advanced learner's dictionary
3. It gives the definition in traditional phrase form and in sentence
4. It provides separate headwords for homographs with unrelated meanings (more logical, coherent, and easily discernible arrangement)
5. It provides definition of phrasal verbs

6. It fully covers both British and American English

However, this dictionary has low number of headwords, smaller defining vocabulary, no synonym boxes, no etymological notes, no cultural notes, no metaphor boxes, limited basic grammatical information and no web support.

A good dictionary should cover the user expectation. Usually, users expect their dictionary to include every word they are ever likely to meet. The realistic goal of a dictionary is to meet the needs of most users most of the time. To reach this goal, the clearest possible picture of who the users are and what kinds of question they will ask for their dictionary are needed (Atkins and Rundell 2008). Considering the target user of the dictionary is students of English department who study in Indonesian universities, this dictionary needs to revise and adjust to meet the needs of the students. In revising and adjusting a dictionary, we need to predict all the questions that users will ask of their dictionary.

Dictionaries give and describe the vocabulary of a language. A good dictionary provides its readers the ways of words typically contribute to the meaning of an utterance, the way of a word combines with

other words, the types of text that it tends to occur in. A reliable dictionary is one whose generalizations about word behavior is approximate closely to the ways in which people normally use language when engaging in real communicative acts (Atkins and Rundell 2008). If there are some ways that are not adequate to explain the meaning of the words from actor to adhere or the ways of the words combine with other words is not correct, therefore the entries should be deleted, or revised, or added.

ENTRIES TO BE DELETED

Entries considered to delete, words from 'actor' to 'adhere, are those which have small frequency based on COCA (Corpus of Contemporary American English) and BYU (Brigham Young University). COCA is the largest freely-available corpus of English and the only large and balanced corpus of American English. This corpus is probably the most widely-used corpus of English and it is related to many other corpora of English. It contains more than 560 million words of text. BYU comes from British National Corpus which was originally created by Oxford University press in the 1980s-early 1990s. It contains 100 million words of text from a wide range of genres. Therefore, COCA has bigger collection of words than

BYU. COCA also has wider range of years than BYU. It means COCA can be used as main corpus to decide which entries should be deleted. The more recent the year is, the more popular the word. As a result, it is better to keep the word in a dictionary. The analysis of entries should be deleted is based on this consideration. The entries are listed in the table as follows:

Table 1. Entries need to be deleted

No.	Entries	Freq. in COCA	Freq. in BYU
1.	Actuate	31	6
2.	Acuteness	38	12
3.	adam's apple	1	0

All words listed in table above show smaller frequency in BYU than in COCA. The reason is BYU only provides data until early 1990s and it has smaller data base than COCA. It means that in the year after 1990s, all words listed above is more popular and many people use these words in spoken and written.

1. actuate

Collins dictionary gives meaning simpler than CALD does and gives sample sentence shorter than CALD does. In Collins dictionary, actuate means to put into action or motion and to cause to take action. The trends

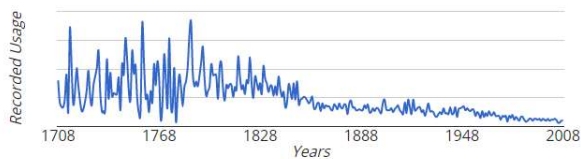
of actuate is presented in a line graph below. It shows that the use of this word is

Trends of 'actuate'

Used Rarely. actuate is in the lower 50% of commonly used words in the Collins dictionary



View usage for: All Years



decreasing from time to time. Indonesian university students need to know words that is frequently used nowadays. Based on this line graph and the results of corpus analysis, it is better to delete this word from CALD in order to meet the users' need.

2. acuteness

In CALD, acuteness is listed as a word that derives from the word acute. CALD does not give meaning to this word. This word cannot be found in Oxford living dictionary, Collins online dictionary and Meriam Webster online dictionary. However, google trends show that the use of this word starts to decrease now. This means that it is not frequently used nowadays. It is better to delete this word from CALD to meet the users' need.

3. adam's apple

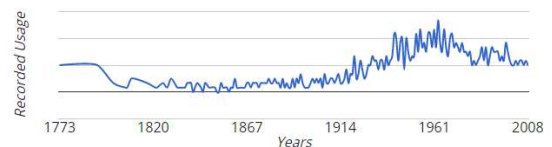
In CALD, it is listed as a headword without sample sentence. In Collins dictionary, this word is completed with meaning in British and American as well as one sample sentence. In Oxford living dictionary, this word is completed with meaning and many sample sentences. The trends of this phrase is presented in line graph below. The use of this word is decreasing but it starts to be stable in 2008. Considering the goal that Indonesian university students need to know words that is frequently used nowadays, it is better to delete this word from CALD in order to meet the users' need. This decision also comes from the results of corpus analysis.

Trends of 'Adam's apple'

Used Rarely. Adam's apple is in the lower 50% of commonly used words in the Collins dictionary



View usage for: All Years



ENTRIES TO BE REVISED

In this part, there are two categories of entries that need to be revised. Some entries need to revise by adding sample sentence and some others need to be revised by adding the meaning. To add sample sentence, the

consideration comes from large citation banks collected over many years and now often complemented by data from diachronic corpora. In most other kinds of dictionary, sample sentence may come in a variety of forms and from a range of sources like authentic texts, the lexicographer's imagination, or some combination of the two (Atkins and Rundell 2008).

Sample sentences are a vital component of a dictionary which functions to support and illustrate every linguistic fact recorded in the dictionary (Atkins & Rundell 2008; Arimbi & Kwary 2016). The functions of sample sentence are to fix the origins and trace the development of a word, meaning, or phrase; to illustrate usage and are often a helpful complement to the definition; to play an important role in illustrating the word's contextual range (Atkins and Rundell 2008).

A survey has proved that most EFL learners have difficulty in understanding the given illustrations or examples (Al-Darayseh 2013). Moreover, EFL learners should be alerted to the availability of both explicit and implicit grammatical information in addition to semantic information in learners' dictionaries (Chan 2014). To reach this objective, knowing sample sentences of each entry is really needed for the learners.

Therefore, I tried to find sample sentences that are simple, clear, and easy to understand.

Some words which derived from entries and abbreviation in CALD do not completed with meaning. In fact, most EFL learners consult with their dictionary in order to find the meanings of words and to check the spelling of words (Al-Darayseh 2013). As a result, it is important to revise those words by adding the meaning based on corpus and dictionary analysis. It can be concluded that meaning of entries and sample sentence of each entry is the most important thing for learners when they consult with any dictionaries. However, learners need training in dictionary use in the course of learning a foreign language because students often expect their teacher to provide an answer to their questions and are unwilling to consult a dictionary to find it out themselves (Vrbinc & Vrbinc 1981).

1. .ac.uk

It is difficult to find a good sample sentence of this entry because it cannot be found in other dictionaries. It happens because this entry has two dots that is not commonly used in dictionary. Based on the search in google, the most frequent website that is visited by people is a website for job vacancies. Therefore, the sample sentence or

phrases that I would like to propose is ‘job vacancies on jobs.ac.uk’.

2. actuary

Collins dictionary gives three sample sentences for the word ‘actuary’. The sentences are ‘I am considering my career options, one of which is to train to become an actuary’; ‘Initially, he specialized in math, aiming to become an actuary’; ‘Just give one of us an airplane and pilot’s license, and then ask an actuary what the insurance risk is. In CALD actuary means a person who calculates the probability of accidents, such as fire, flood or loss of property, and informs insurance companies how much they should charge their customers. I tried to find sample sentence which can represent the word meaning. The sample sentence that I propose is ‘With the rise in the number of insurance companies, the role of an **actuary** began to be considered important’.

3. acute

In CALD, the word ‘acute’ has two senses. The first sense is clever and the second is angle. Therefore, the frequency number of this word is high (7575). CALD provides sample sentence for the word ‘acute’ in clever sense, but it does not provide sample sentence for the word ‘acute’ in angle sense. ‘His goal from that acute angle was

like a short corner in hockey!’ is provided by Collins dictionary for the word ‘acute’ in angle sense. I could not find sample sentence in COCA. The proposed sample sentence taken from NOW is ‘That wasn’t to detract from Tom Scully’s superb first goal, nailed from 40 meters on an acute angle’.

4. ad agency

In CALD, the phrase ‘ad agency’ means a company that produces advertisements. ‘She’s either a model or some executive in an ad agency, he thought’ and ‘The message has to stop people in their tracks, so we have to go for a top creative ad agency’ are sample sentences provided by Collins dictionary. The meaning of this phrase based on Collins dictionary is a company whose business is to create advertisements for other companies or organizations. The sample sentence that I propose is ‘We have an **ad agency** that has money coming in and goes out’ which is taken from NOW corpus.

5. adam

In CALD, the word ‘adam’ means a character in the Bible who was the first man made by God. While Collins dictionary provides the three meanings of this word as the first man, created by God: the progenitor of the human race; not know

someone from Adam; and the old Adam. Collins dictionary does not provide any sample sentences. Almost all texts in NOW corpus use Adam as proper name. There is a sentence taken from NOW corpus. The sentence is ‘If Christ is the center of the faith, then ultimately all of our motions in the faith must bring the focus back to his life, sacrifice, and victory over death brought on by the original sin of Adam and Eve’. From this sentence, I would like to propose a sample sentence which is simpler than the previous one. The sentence is ‘Adam and Eve made a sin before they left heaven’.

6. adaptability

In CALD, the word ‘adaptability’ means a necessary quality in an ever-changing work environment. This word is not listed in Collins dictionary. While in Oxford living dictionary, this word means the quality of being able to adjust to new conditions and the capacity to be modified for a new use or purpose. The meaning in CALD is similar to the first meaning in Collins dictionary. The sample sentence of the first meaning in Collins dictionary is ‘**Adaptability is an advantage in the harshly competitive global economy**’. The sample sentence that I propose was adapted from NOW corpus. The sentence is ‘The executives also spoke

of resilience and adaptability as being the key attributes in sought-after talent’.

7. adaptive

From the result of corpus analysis in COCA, this entry has a high frequency. However, CALD does not provide sample sentence of this entry. Considering that this word is frequently used, it is important to add sample sentence to give more description about the meaning of this word to Indonesian university students. The sample sentence that I propose comes from COCA. The shortest sample sentence is chosen, and it is considered as the clearest sample for Indonesian university students in order to give more description of the word meaning. The sample sentence that I chose is ‘This feedback is what defines memory as an adaptive response’.

8. adapter (device)

In CALD, the word ‘adapter’ in sense of device has two meanings. First, it means a type of plug electrical device which makes it possible to connect two or more pieces of equipment to the same electrical supply. The meaning of this word should be completed with a picture as follows to give clearer description.

Second, it means a device which is used to connect two pieces of equipment. The second meaning of this word should also be

completed with a picture as follows that could give clearer description of the device. The result of corpus analysis shows that in COCA, the word 'adapter' means an electrical device as it is presented as follows.

The word 'adapter' in sense of device is mostly used in science and technology magazine and the frequency number is 399. Collins dictionary and Oxford living dictionary gives two meanings of the word 'adapter' in device sense. In Oxford living dictionary, adapter means a device for connecting pieces of equipment that cannot be connected directly and a device for connecting several electric plugs to one socket. The sample sentence of the first meaning is 'The adapter converts the lens focal length to 5.5 mm' and the sample sentence of the second meaning is 'A North Yorkshire Fire and Rescue spokesman said the cause of the blaze was an overloaded electrical socket adapter'. In Collins dictionary, adapter refers to a contrivance for adapting apparatus to new uses and a connecting device for parts that would not otherwise fit together. However, oxford living dictionary does not provide sample sentence. Therefore, in proposing sample sentence for CALD, I would like to take it from NOW corpus with comparison of sample sentence in Oxford living dictionary.

The sample sentence that I think is suitable to support the first meaning of the word 'adapter' is 'You can read the individual reviews for details as to how each powerline adapter performed'. For the second meaning, the sample sentence that I think is clear enough to support its meaning is 'I connected one adapter to a free LAN port on my router in one room'.

9. adapter (writer)

The meaning of the word 'adapter' in a sense of writer based on CALD is person who makes slight changes to a book, play or other piece of text so that it can be performed. The meaning of this word according to Oxford living dictionary is a person who adapts a text to make it suitable for filming, broadcasting, or the stage. One of the sample sentences is 'Homer haunts the imaginations of countless poets, translators, and adapters in English'. While Collins dictionary provides the meaning of this word as a person or thing that adapts. This dictionary does not give sample sentence. The proposed sample sentence as the result of my review of sample sentences that I read from Oxford living dictionary is 'He is responsible as an adapter for at least 40 great plays and adaptations'.

10. ADC

According to CALD, ADC stands for aide-de-camp. In Oxford living dictionary it

listed as aide-de-camp, it is not listed in the forms of abbreviation. It means a military officer acting as a confidential assistant to a senior officer. While in www.dictionary.com, ADC is listed as a headword without meaning but it is completed with sample sentence in the forms of abbreviation. One of the sample sentences is 'Satisfied with my grunts and promises that everything was fine, the ADC put me on hold'. In CALD, there is no meaning of this abbreviation. Therefore, I need to add the meaning and sample sentence for this entry. The sample sentence that I would like to propose comes from COCA. In COCA, the abbreviation ADC does not only stand for aide-de-camp. That is why in trying to find good sample sentence for this dictionary, I use the word aide-de-camp. I did not use the abbreviation ADC. The sample sentence that I propose is 'The son of an Austrian baron served as the last aide-de-camp to the Hapsburg emperor'.

To propose the meaning of this abbreviation, I need to see the meaning provided by Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary and Collins dictionary. OALD gives the meaning of this abbreviation as an officer in the army or navy who helps a more senior officer. However, Collins dictionary give the meaning as an officer in the armed

forces who [helps](#) an officer of [higher](#) rank. As some information that I gained from COCA, I would like to propose the meaning of aide-de-camp as an officer of military, army, or navy who helps a more senior or higher rank officer.

11. ADD

ADD stands for attention deficit disorder. In COCA, ADD is not an abbreviation from attention deficit disorder. It is listed as the verb 'add'. Therefore, I decided to input 'attention deficit disorder' in the search column to know the frequency number of this entry. Collins dictionary does not provide sample sentence of this entry. According to Oxford living dictionary, ADD stands for analogue digital digital and attention deficit disorder. This fact is not inline with what Atkins and Rundell (2008) stated. They said that entries for abbreviations have rarely more than one sense and rarely belong to more than one wordclass. This dictionary does not provide sample sentence which is similar to CALD. The sample sentence that I propose was taken from COCA. The proposed sample sentence is 'Mild iodine deficiency has also been linked with attention deficit disorder'.

12. Addendum

Collins dictionary gives two sample sentences for the word 'addendum'. The

sentences are “‘Of course not’, said Mr. Golightly, who needed no addendum” and “‘He had MacKenzie’s report, an addendum to Soviet Naval Command’s”. In CALD, addendum means something that has been added to a book, speech or document. Considering the function of sample sentences abovementioned related to the word meaning, I tried to find a good sample sentence from COCA. The suitable sample sentence that I found in COCA is ‘He was kind enough to offer an addendum, which we’ve included below’.

13. adder

Both OALD and CALD does not give sample sentence. Considering that this dictionary will be used by Indonesian university students who learn English as their foreign language, it is better for them to know the sample sentence of the word ‘adder’ and any additional information about the word ‘adder’. OALD stated that the definition of adder is a small poisonous snake, often with diamond-shaped marks on its back. Adders are the only poisonous snakes in Britain. While CALD stated a type of poisonous snake. The sample sentence that I would like to propose was adapted from COCA that is ‘Well, we got the tiger snake and the death adder, which their venom has

been measured twenty times as wicked as the bloody cobra’.

14. addicted

CALD does not give the meaning of addicted. It only provides the sample sentence. However, OALD gives the meaning of addicted as unable to stop taking harmful drugs or using or doing something as habit and spending all your free time doing something because you are so interested in it. In COCA, I found an interesting sentence that is ‘Parents and teachers have complained that children were becoming addicted to the multiplayer online battle game’. Having additional information from COCA, I would like to propose the meaning of this word as unable to stop doing something because of the interest on doing it as a habit.

15. addiction

CALD does not provide the meaning of this word. It only provides the sample phrases. The meaning of addiction based on OALD is the condition of being addicted to something. While Collins dictionary gives two meanings that is the condition of taking harmful drugs and being unable to stop taking them and an addiction to something is very strong desire or need for it. One sentence that I found in COCA is ‘I was taught in D.A.R.E that addiction is simply the result of drug usage, and not disorder’. Based on these

information, I would like to propose the meaning of this word as a strong desire to consume harmful drug continually as a result of being unable to stop taking them.

16. adenoids

In CALD the meaning of adenoids is the soft mass of flesh between the back of the nose and the throat, which sometimes makes breathing difficult. From this definition, it is better for readers to know the picture of adenoids. I propose to add the picture below to complete the meaning. Because this dictionary does not provide sample sentence, I tried to find the clearest one to represent the meaning. One of sample sentences in Oxford living dictionary is ‘Surgery might also help by removing tonsils and adenoids that prevent proper breathing’. Therefore, the sample sentence that I propose was adapted from COCA. The sentence is ‘Surgery may be recommended to remove tonsils and adenoids’.

17. adenoidal

CALD does not provide the meaning of this word. However, Collins dictionary gives the definition in British and American. In British version, it means having the nasal tones or impaired breathing of one with enlarged adenoids and another word for adenoid. In American version, adenoidal refers to adenoid, having adenoids, and

having the characteristic difficult breathing or nasal tone that results from enlarged adenoids. Some sentences from COCA like ‘The same is true of swollen adenoidal tissue’ and ‘The same bobbing eyebrows, prominent jaw, and adenoidal voice’ give a clue for the definition of adenoidal. Based on the meaning from Collins dictionary and Oxford living dictionary as well as sentences from COCA, I would like to propose the meaning of adenoidal as having the nasal tones as a results from swollen adenoid. The sample sentence that I propose is ‘His uncle’s voice still had the adenoidal quality that fascinated Fenton as a child’.

18. adeptly

CALD does not give the meaning and sample sentence for the word ‘adeptly’. Oxford living dictionary gives sample sentence as ‘It’s light and simple, adeptly done and incredibly filling’. However, this word is not listed as a word entry in Collins dictionary. My proposed sample sentence for this word is from COCA, ‘Miranda accommodated their new arrangement adeptly and without complaint, not asking why her mom was going abroad’. I think this sample sentence could give an illustration about the meaning of the word ‘adeptly’ to the readers.

Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary provides the meaning of this word as in a way that shows skill at doing something that is quite difficult. One of sentences in COCA is 'He very cleverly and adeptly is able to turn it into sort of a populist type of strength'. Based on these information, I propose the meaning of this word as in a way that shows ability in doing something that is difficult.

19. ADHD

In CALD, ADHD is said as an abbreviation for attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. This abbreviation is not completed with the meaning and sample sentence. Oxford living dictionary does not provide sample sentence as well as Collins dictionary. According to COCA, I would like to propose the sample sentence for ADHD that is 'By the age of five, he was diagnosed with ADHD, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder'.

20. addressee

According to CALD, the meaning of addressee is a person whose name and address is written on a letter or parcel. However, this dictionary does not give sample sentence. The sample sentence listed in Oxford living dictionary is 'The contents of the letters were calculated to cause distress to the individual addressee'. Collins

dictionary gives sample sentence that is 'The colonel's team were working on getting the name of the addressee of the letter and would be back in touch later'. Based on the two definitions given by two different dictionaries, I propose the sample sentence for the word 'addressee' is 'The addressee's name was written in block letters to make it as clear as possible'.

ENTRIES TO BE ADDED

There are two words started from letter A that are listed in Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary in October 2017 namely AFAIC (abbreviation) and the word awks (adjective) (https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/wordlist/new_words). There are also two words started from letter A that are listed in new word list January 2018 of Oxford English Dictionary namely 2ww (noun) and agar (noun) (<https://public.oed.com/the-oed-today/recent-updates-to-the-oed/january-2018-update/new-words-list-january-2018/>). These words would not be discussed in this paper since this paper only discussed words from actor to adhere. According to The Oxford Dictionary of New Words: A popular guide to words in the news, there are two words that I propose to be added in CALD especially those that are among actor - adhere (Knowles & Elliot 1999). The proposed

words are completed with their meaning and sample sentences since definitions are an essential component of monolingual dictionaries. Users tend to turn to dictionaries mainly to look up words in order to find out about their meanings (Fontenelle 2008). Table 3 shows that these two words have high number of frequency based on COCA and NOW corpus. It means people commonly use these two words both in speaking and writing.

Table 3. Entries need to be added

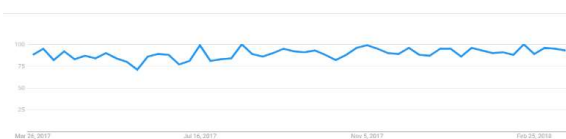
No	New word	Frequenc y in COCA	Frequenc y in NOW
1.	acupressur e	110	576
2.	acyclovir	50	96

1. acupressure (noun)

According to The Oxford Dictionary of New Words, the word ‘acupressure’ means a complementary therapy also known as shiatsu, in which symptoms are relieved by applying pressure with the thumbs or fingers to specific pressure points on the body. Sample sentence provided by this dictionary is ‘After one two-hour massage that included acupressure, I was addicted’. In addition, the meaning of this word in OALD is a form of

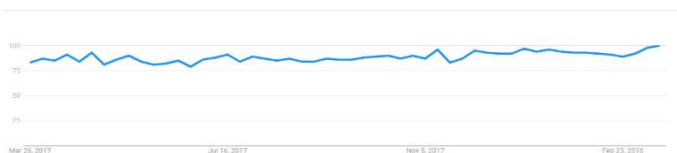
medical treatment, originally from East Asia, in which pressure is applied to particular parts of the body using the fingers. Collins dictionary gives two meanings to this word that is in British and American. The British meaning is another name for [shiatsu](#). The American has two meanings of the word ‘acupressure’. First, it is a practice [analogous](#) to [acupuncture](#) but involving the [application](#) of [manual](#) pressure to parts of the body rather than the [insertion](#) of [needles](#). Second, it is a [procedure](#) of placing needles in the [tissue adjacent](#) to a [seriously bleeding](#) vessel to [compress](#) the vessel and [stop](#) the bleeding.

The line graph below shows that the use of the word ‘acupressure’ is fluctuated from May 2017 until now. It means that this word is still actively and commonly used by English speakers from all over the world.



Based on the information abovementioned, I propose the meaning of this word as a medical treatment or therapy from East Asia, also known as shiatsu, involving the application of pressure with thumbs or fingers to specific pressure points on the body in order to relieve symptoms.

The proposed sample sentence which I adopted from NOW is ‘An ancient healing art, acupressure involves the application of manual pressure with the goal of promoting relaxation’. The proposed picture below is



important to give clear definition of the word ‘acupressure’.

2. acyclovir (noun)

Based on The Oxford Dictionary of New Words, the meaning of the word ‘acyclovir’ is an antiviral drug that is effective against certain types of herpes, including cytomegalovirus. Sample sentence given by this dictionary is ‘The beauty of acyclovir is that it remains inactive in the body until it comes in contact with a herpes-induced enzyme’. In addition, the meaning of this word in OALD is a drug that is used to treat viruses. Collins dictionary provides two meanings for this word, namely in British and American. In British, it is an [antiviral drug](#) used to [treat herpes](#) (Formula: $C_8H_{11}N_5O_3$). In American, it is a [synthetic](#), white, [crystalline powder](#), $C_8H_{11}O_3N_5$, used as a drug to

treat [infections](#) caused by various types of herpesviruses.

The line graph below shows that the use of the word ‘acupressure’ is fluctuated from May 2017 until now. It means that this word is still actively and commonly used by English speakers from all over the world.

Based on the information abovementioned, I would like to propose the meaning of this word as an antiviral drug that is effectively used to treat various types of herpesviruses. The proposed sample sentence that I adopted from NOW is ‘My wife and I have each taken an acyclovir pill a day for 18 years’.

Conclusion

In conclusion, there are three entries should be deleted, 17 entries should be revised, and two entries should be added to CALD. The consideration of deleting the entries comes from the fact that those entries are not popular anymore to be used by English speakers based on corpus analysis. COCA and BYU corpus show low frequencies of those entries (Table 1). Of 20 entries should be revised, two entries should be revised by only adding meaning, 15 entries should be revised by only adding sample sentence, and three entries should be

revised by adding meaning and sample sentence (Table 2). To revise the entries, corpus analysis and dictionary analysis were done. There are only two entries should be added to CALD (Table 3). The idea of what entries should be added comes from the Oxford Dictionary of New Words.

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