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ALTERNATIVE CONCEPTS TO IDENTIFY THE CHARACTERISTICS OF VOCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION CURRICULUM

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Abstract— Higher education is expected to produce excellent graduates to meet the needs of educated and skilled personnel in the era of industry 4.0. One way of higher education to adjust the development of Science and Technology in the era of industry 4.0 is by enriching the curriculum. Curriculum enrichment can be done by adding a new course, the Image Processing course. Image Processing is a course in Electrical Engineering which discusses data processing and analyze data in the form of images to be used as important information as requested. Image processing courses are widely used in daily life, implementation of image processing courses are found in smartphones, parking systems, medical, television and many others that utilize image processing subjects. The characteristics of this study compared two different groups: the Non-LPTK University (Lembaga Pendidikan Tenaga Kependidikan/ Educational Institutions of Educatinal Staff) with the LPTK University to looking for characteristics in covering different subjects with the characteristics of vocational education, but it is related to the characteristics of vocational education in considering matching subjects with digital characteristics in the field of vocational education studies. Curriculum enrichment aims to improve the quality of higher education learning which leads to improve the quality of graduates. The researcher used a qualitative research with a comparative method ex post facto. This research is expected to be a pattern for other universities in applying curriculum enrichment methods.

Keywords: Curriculum Enrichment, Vocational Education, Image Processing

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I. INTRODUCTION

Without appropriate and good curriculum, it will be difficult to achieve the educational goals and objectives because the curriculum determines the types and qualifications of graduates of an educational institution. After the publication of the Indonesian Qualification Framework on Higher Education, it encouraged all universities in Indonesia to adjust to the provisions described [1]. In order for graduates produced by tertiary institutions to have the ability equivalent to the learning outcomes that have been formulated in the IQF qualification level, inputting new courses is something that usually occurs in every curriculum. In order for the curriculum in higher education to be good, evaluation on the curriculum must be carried out in its application. Curriculum development is a process

that takes place continuously and forms a cycle that starts from planning, implementation and ending with evaluation [2]. Curriculum development is very important because it will greatly determine the type and quality of one's knowledge and experience to achieve good life and livelihood [3]. Curriculum enrichment is an activity to find out and decide which programs have been undertaken that are still appropriate or not appropriate with the objectives set [4]. Curriculum enrichment plays an important role in determining educational policy as well as in decision making in the curriculum [5]. Curriculum is a plan in education that has a very significant role in education, if the curriculum provided to students is suitable and of good quality, so that it will directly affect graduates. Therefore, curriculum enrichment or evaluation is needed by increasing or reducing courses [6,7].

For each college including UNP (Universitas Negeri Padang) especially Electrical Engineering Vocational Education (EEVE), regular and planned curriculum evaluation is a correction to the role of higher education [8]. Curriculum enrichment demands can be caused by changing needs or the ongoing curriculum is no longer able to meet growing needs. On this basis, curriculum enrichment is a form of responsibility of universities in carrying out continuous improvements to their duties and obligations in carrying out educational programs. Curriculum compilation cannot be done rashly, a solid foundation is needed so that it can be utilized in conducting educational activities, so that it can be easier to achieve practical and effective learning directions [9]. The achievements and objectives of learning can be utilized by stakeholders from educational programs run by UNP always to get the actual results and the best benefits of their time.

The stakeholders of Electrical Engineering Vocational Education (EEVE) is to become a professional educator in sectors that require mentors in vocational schools, vocational training centers, industries companies and other (scientific installations, energy generators and regulatory systems) [10]. To compensate for the developments entering the era of industry 4.0, higher education is expected to produce excellent graduates to meet the needs of educated and skilled personnel at this time. It is appropriate for the UNP Electrical Engineering Vocational Education it is better to take into account courses that are in harmony with current conditions. One of the courses that should be considered is the Image Processing course with the many factors of implementation of today's. The Image Processing is a course to improve student expertise in the current Electrical Engineering field which is a method used to process or manipulate images in two-dimensional form to be made into real physical into three dimensions [11]. Digital Image Processing is a discipline that studies image processing techniques, the image referred to here is still images (photos) and moving images (video), while digital is image or image processing done digitally using a computer [12].

Based on these explanations, it is important to carry out further research on the study of curriculum enrichment by conducting a scientific process in the Electrical Engineering Vocational Education study program at Padang State University by focusing on Image processing course. The characteristics of this study are to find new subject input methods, which are different from the characteristics of vocational education in Electrical Engineering, but it is

appropriate with the characteristics of vocational education in considering to input subjects that are in line with digital characteristics in the field of vocational education studies.

II. METHODOLOGY

In this study researchers used qualitative research methods ex post facto computational causal approach. The purpose of this study was to obtain a concept of injecting Non-LPTK curriculum into the LPTK curriculum, about the characteristics of the Image Processing course, so that later the Image Processing course can be said, appropriate or not with work requirements and what is the basis for whether or not the eyes are suitable lecture on Image Processing with the needs desired by users of graduates who are one of the stakeholders of the EEVE study program.

The comparative method is to compare the four curriculum of Non-LPTK University of Electrical Engineering and the curriculum of the LPTK University of EEVE study program to look for curriculum characteristics in covering the Image Processing course. The researchers looked for the characteristics of the Non-LPTK curriculum that were different from the characteristics of the vocational education curriculum, but it is adjusted to the characteristics of vocational education to consider inputting the Image Processing course at the LPTK University. There are four Non-LPTK Universities, which are used as research objects: Universitas Indonesia (UI), Universitas Gadjah Mada (UGM), Institut Teknologi Bandung (ITB) and Universitas Andalas (UNAND) Meanwhile the LPTK universities are: Universitas Negeri Yogvakarta (UNY). Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), and Universitas Negeri Padang(UNP). The reason the researchers made these universities as the object of comparison was because the university had a benchmarking as the most qualified Non-LPTK and LPTK universities in Indonesia.

The researchers analogous (compared) the Non LPTK University curriculum in looking for the characteristics of the Image Processing course in the field of Electrical Engineering consisting of, major and elective courses. Researchers examined the Image Processing course of Non LPTK universities through syllabus and RPS, so the researchers found that the characteristics of the course were appropriate or not appropriate, if inputted to the LPTK Universities especially the UNP Electrical Engineering Vocational Education Study Program.

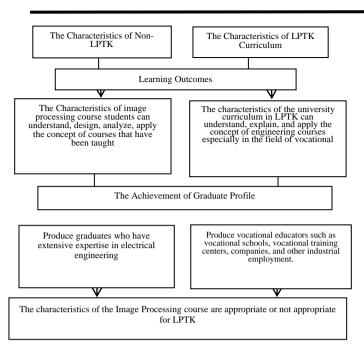


Figure 1. The Chart of Research Methodology

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A. Non-LPTK University Curriculum in Electrical Engineering

In this study, researchers examined the RPS comparison of the Image Processing course, researchers found the characteristics of the Image Processing course as follows: understanding, explaining, analyzing, and getting concepts obtained during the Image Processing course from Higher Education so that graduates from Electrical Engineering can design, handle problems and applying knowledge in engineering. Learning achievement is an accumulation of the entire learning process taken by a student while studying in a study program. The achievement of learning is expected to be appropriate with their respective functions should not eliminate the core elements of learning achievement itself: affective, cognitive and phsycomotor. According to the results of this study it can be explained that, the Non LPTK university curriculum in terms of RPS Image Processing subjects researchers get its characteristics as follows:

Table 1. The Characteristics of the Non-LPTK

Curriculum.

Cullivalani					
Indicator	UNAND	UI	UGM	ITB	
Learning Outcomes	Can design, process, and apply the concepts of signal and system courses	Can understand, explain and analyze the concepts of signal courses and systems	Can analyze and apply the concepts of subject processing techniques	Can understand, analyze and apply the concept of image processing courses	

B. LPTK University Curriculum in Electrical Engineering Vocational Education

In this section the researcher has obtained the results of research that the learning outcomes of

engineering courses at LPTK universities, namely: can explain and understand the theory of engineering courses. Based on the learning achievements of graduates at LPTK universities, namely to become professional teachers in their fields by mastering engineering competence and pedagogical abilities in vocational schools as a whole, being able to adjust to the industrial world, and being able to communicate both verbally and in writing. The results of this study were found through the LPTK university curriculum based on syllabus and engineering RPS that can be described in the table below:

Table 2. The Characteristics of the LPTK Curriculum.

Indicator	UNP	UNY	UNJ	UPI
Learning Outcomes	Can understand and apply basic concepts	Can understand and explain the basic concepts of	Can understand and apply the basic concepts of	Can understand, explain, and apply the concept of
	from engineering courses	engineering courses	engineering courses	concept of engineering courses

From the research findings, the researchers obtained an overview of the curriculum of Non-LPTK universities and LPTK universities so that they could summarize the differences in the two different characteristics in the table below.

Table 3. The Graduate Profile Achievement of Non-LPTK and LPTK Curriculum.

Indicator	Non-LPTK	LPTK	
Achievement	Produce graduates	Produce vocational	
of Graduate	who have extensive	educators in various fields	
Profile	expertise so that they	who need educators, such	
	have competence in	as vocational schools,	
	the field of electrical	vocational training	
	engineering	centers, companies, and	
		other industrial	
		employment.	

From the results of the study showed that the characteristics of the Non-LPTK curriculum in the Image Processing course showed compatibility with the characteristics of the LPTK curriculum, especially in the Electrical Engineering Education study program. The comparative method compared to the Non-LPTK curriculum through the Image Processing Course RPS in the scope of the material the researchers discussed are: the principles of digital images, digital image characteristics, and methods of improving image quality. Learning Achievement of this Image Processing course is expected that students will be able to explain, understand, and apply the scientific theory of the Image Processing course. This is synonymous with the characteristics of the LPTK curriculum, researchers found digital characteristics vocational education through engineering courses at the LPTK university in this case the learning outcomes of LPTK's keen subjects are students able

to explain, understand, and apply scientific theories of technical courses in Educational courses Electrical Engineering. In this study the characteristics of the Non LPTK curriculum in the Image Processing course are in line with the engineering curriculum in the LPTK curriculum. Therefore, there is a need for enrichment or curriculum evaluation by adding or reducing courses [7].

Vocational technology education curriculum must be able to anticipate the competency requirements in the future and the needs of students to organize the future able to innovate in the values of society [14]. Vocational technology education curriculum must be able to anticipate the competency requirements in the future and the needs of students to organize the future. This Image Processing course is able to overcome the digital utilization in the future, in this case the researchers hope that the Electrical Engineering Education study program UNP can consider the Image Processing course to be included in its curriculum, because in teaching and learning Vocational Technology Education must pay attention to trends in the world of work in the future, globalization, localization, individualization to be independent, employable and to be a vehicle of transition for individuals to the world of work [15].

IV. CONCLUSION

From the results of analysis and discussion it can be concluded that that by recognizing the characteristics of the curriculum by reviewing the characteristics of the curriculum in the Image Processing course from several Non-LPTK universities can be aligned and appropriate with the characteristics of UNP Electrical Engineering Vocational Education which is one of the LPTK Universities. As a drafter, this paper is expected to be an opening illustrator for the next LPTK curriculum study, especially for Electrical Engineering Vocational Education study program

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